करना, शुल्क वापसी की मंजूरी देना और उचित कोटा नीति-परक उपाय करना।

विकास आयुक्त हथकरघा आधुनिकीकरण/नवीकरण/हथकरघों द्वारा उत्पादित फब्रिकों की उत्पादकता और क्वालिटी में सुधार करने के लिये करघों के क्रय के लिये सहायता उपलब्ध कराने के लिये एक योजना का परिचालन कर रहा है। देश भर में फैले 23 बुनकर सेवा केन्द्र/उपकेन्द्र और 3 भारतीय हथकरघा प्रौद्योगिकी संथान नई डिजाइनों का विकास, बुनाई और प्रोसेसिंग प्रौद्योगिकी में सुधार, हथकरघा संबंधी कुशलता में प्रशिक्षण आदि में योगदान दे रहे हैं। इसके अलावा, हथकरघा निर्यात संवर्धन परिषद्, मद्रास ने बुनकर सेवा केन्द्र, हथकरघा निदेशालय और अन्य संबद्ध संगठनों के सहयोग से मुख्य रूप से निर्यात के लिये हथकरघा उत्पादन सुविधाओं के उन्नयन के लिये कार्यक्रम शुरू किया है। इस कार्यक्रम के एक उद्देश्य हैं: इन केन्द्रों में मौजूदा नियोजित प्रौद्योगिकी और प्रोसेस को अभिज्ञात करना, उत्पादकता में वृद्धि करने और उत्पादन की क्वालिटी में सुधार करने के लिये उपयुक्त उपाय करना।

U.N.D.P. Assistance for revival of Jute Industry

3604. SHRI KAMAL MORARKA: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to refer to Unstarred Question No. 1866 given in the Rajya Sabha on 27th July, 1992 and state:

(a) the manner in which Government propose to diversify the distribution of 23 million US $ loan of U.N.D.P. for its proper utilisation; and

(b) whether Government also propose to import advanced technology for better and optimum utilisation of jute fibre?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI ASHOK GEHLOT): (a) and (b) UNDP assistance of US $ 23 million along with counterpart funds provided by the Government of India for the implementation of the National Programme for the development of the jute sector would be distributed amongst various implementing agencies for development of jute agriculture, development of new products, employment generation, development of jute machinery sector, R&D institution building, private sector development, export promotion, human resource development, introduction of effective systems of coordination etc., according to the proposals/schemes sanctioned by the Standing/Steering Committees set up for this purpose. Advanced technology for better and optimum utilisation of jute would also be imported, if required.

Manufacture of Janata Dhoties and Sarees

3605. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware that apart from word famous Chanderi Sarees Madhya Pradesh is also an important centre for the manufacture of cotton janata dhoties and sarees;

(b) if so, what is the approximate annual production of cotton janata dhoties and sarees in the State and their actual production during the last three years; and

(c) what incentives Government proposes to give to the manufacturers of janata dhoties and sarees in Madhya Pradesh to give a boost to the production?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI ASHOK GEHLOT): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The janata cloth produced in Madhya Pradesh has been 15.85 million square metres, 16.42 million square metres and 17.63 million square metres during 1989-90, 1990-91 and 1991-92 respectively.

(c) Government of India provides a subsidy @ Rs. 3.40 per square metre on the production of janata cloth.

Selling of land by loss making textile Industries in Public Sector

3606. SHRI VISHWASRAO RAMARAO PATIL: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Textile Mills under Public Sector running into losses have been permitted to sell lands under their ownership to improve their financial condition; and

(b) if so, the names of such mills which have been granted permission and have already sold their lands so far?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (*SHRI ASHOK GEHLOT*): (a) and (b) B.I.C. mills have not been permitted to sell their lands. In case of NTC mills, instructions have been issued recently that no sale of land/building should take place till its restructuring plan is finalised.

Showrooms of NTC in the Capital

3607. SHRI S. S. AHLUWALIA: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that NTC has opened a number of showrooms in the capital for retail sale of NTC clothes thereon;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) what was the net annual sale of such show rooms during the last three years and the total expenditure incurred by Government on rent, their establishment and on other factors such as payment of salary to their staff etc, during the said period;

(d) whether Government had suffered any loss on such showrooms during the last three years;

(e) if so, the details thereof;

(f) whether the Government are aware that the sales employees in the NTC showrooms are not cautious and do not bother for the customers; and

(g) if so, what action Government propose to take to improve the matter and boost the sale of clothes from NTC showrooms in the Capital?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI ASHOK GEHLOT): (a) to (b) Yes, Sir. NTC is running 17 showrooms in Delhi.

(c) The total sale of these showrooms and expenditure on them during the last three years is given below:

(Rs. in lakhs)

Year	Sales	Expenditure
1989-90. . .	225·76	30·23
1990-91. . . .	331·69	54·21
1991-92. . . .	405·00	64·98

(d) and (e) During the past 3 years, two of these showrooms suffered losses as per details given below:—

(Rs In Lakhs)

Name of the showroom	Year	Amount of Loss
1. Subzi Mandi	1989-90	—0·12
	1990-91	—0·18
	1991-92	—0·18
2. Vishwas Nagar	1989-90	Nil
	1990-91	Nil
	1991-92	—0·06

(f) and (g) NTC has been advised to direct their showrooms employees to be courteous to the customers.